Findings from TNOYS Shelter Survey

- Dec 2018 through Jan 2019
- 39 respondents
- Strengths
- Capacity
- Challenges
- Revenue sources and cost of care
- Opportunities



Strengths of Shelters

- Crisis stabilization
- Assessment
- Ability to take children and youth with high levels of need
- Ability to keep sibling groups together
- Home-like environment and/or normalcy after disruption
- Immediate access and initiation of services
- Many shelters provide programming grounded in trauma-informed care and positive youth development and use evidence-based practices.



Emergency Shelters reporting the percent of their operating budget funded through Foster care reimbursements

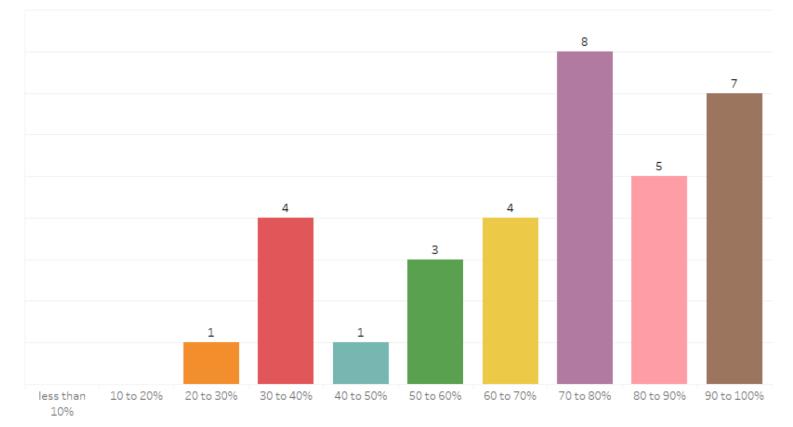


Figure 8: Facilities by Budget Range

Less than 300,000	6	17.1%
Between 300,000 and 500,000	3	8.6%
Between 500,000 and 1,000,000	11	31.4%
Between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000	6	17.1%
Between 1,500,000 and 2,000,000	5	14.3%
Between 2,000,000 and 2,500,000	2	5.7%
Between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000	1	2.9%
More than 3,000,000	1	2.9%



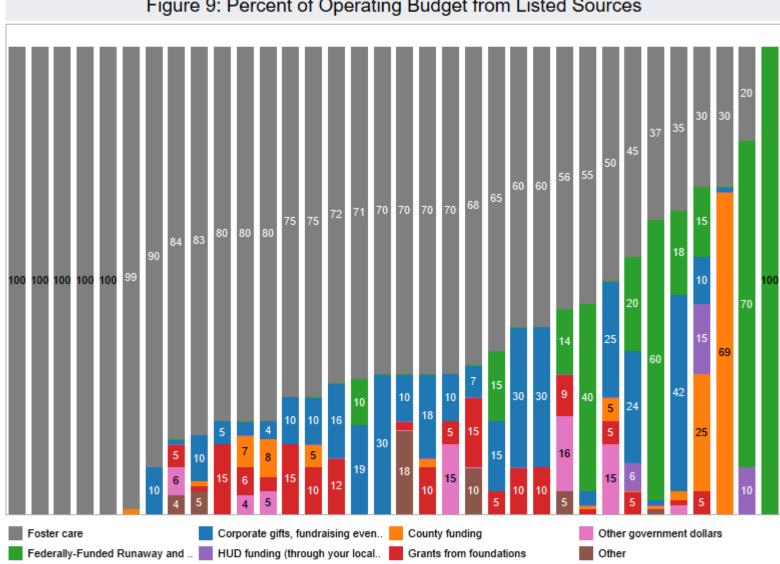


Figure 9: Percent of Operating Budget from Listed Sources



If they had more funding available, shelters would...

- Implement TBRI
- Strengthen youth development and engagement
- Increase staff to youth ratio
- Implement new therapies, psychological and psychiatric services
- Dedicate more support toward family reunification
- Increase beds for community placements (respite/prevention)
- Increase wages (to support recruitment and retention of quality staff)



